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MOTION NO. 02956

A MOTION setting forth the King County Council's findings that special conditions exist within King County which justify differences between the King County Noise Control Ordinance and the Washington State Noise Control Act of 1974 and the administrative regulations prepared by the Washington State Department of Ecology pursuant to that Act.

WHEREAS, the first King County Citizen Committee on Noise Control was established in 1969 to prepare a comprehensive study of noise control problems in King County and to recommend appropriate noise control legislation, and

WHEREAS, in February, 1973, the Citizen Committee transmitted a proposed noise ordinance to the County Council, and

WHEREAS, the Council held a public hearing on the citizen proposal and in September, 1973, referred the matter to the Policy Development Commission for its review and recommendations, a.n.d

WHEREAS, the Policy Development Commission transmitted its report to the County Council in October of 1974, and

WHEREAS, the Washington State Legislature, finding that inadequately controlled noise adversely affects the health, safety and welfare of the people, and diminishes the value of property and the quality of the environment, enacted the Washington State Noise Control Act of 1974, authorizing the Department of Ecology to promulgate administrative regulations pursuant to the Act, and requiring the Department of Ecology to review and approve local ordinances controlling noise pollution, and

WHEREAS, Section 70.107.060(4) of the Revised Code of Washington authorizes local governments to enact noise control limits different from the Washington State Noise Control Act of 1974 and the Administrative Regulations promulgated by the Department of Ecology pursuant to the Act, "upon a finding that such requirements are necessitated by special conditions" and

that such noise limiting requirements of local governments must first be approved by the Department of Ecology; and

WHEREAS, on May 29, 1975, the Seattle-King County

Department of Public Health circulated a Draft Environmental

Impact Statement of the proposed Seattle and King County Noise

Control Ordinances; and

WHEREAS, on September 15, 1977, the Seattle-King County
Department of Public Health circulated a Final Environmental
Impact Statement of the proposed Seattle and King County Noise
Control Ordinances; and

WHEREAS, from May, 1975 until September, 1976, numerous public hearings and discussions were held before the Seattle City Council's Public Safety and Justice Committee and the King County Council's Health and Human Services Committee; and

WHEREAS, on October 25, 1976, the King County Council unanimously (9 to 0) adopted Motion No. 2753, authorizing and requesting the County Executive to transmit the proposed King County Noise Control Ordinance to the Department of Ecology for review and approval, and expressing the intent of the County Council to enact the Ordinance upon approval by the Department; and

WHEREAS, on November 29, 1976, the Department of Ecology requested documentation on special conditions in King County justifying differences between the King County Noise Control Ordinance and the Washington State Noise Control Act of 1974 and the administrative regulations promulgated by the Department of Ecology pursuant to the Act; and

WHEREAS, on December 23, 1976, and March 14, 1977, the County transmitted statements of special conditions to the Department of Ecology, and

WHEREAS, on March 22, 1977, after a thorough consideration of the special conditions existing in King County, Wes Hunter, Acting Director of the Department of Ecology, officially approved

the proposed King County Noise Control Ordinance, subject to conditions set forth in the Department's letter of approval, and

WHEREAS, the changes requested by the Department have been incorporated in the proposed ordinance;

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT MOVED by the Council of King County:

The County Council finds that the following special conditions exist in King County and justify the designated differences between the King County Noise Control Ordinance and the Washington State Noise Control Act of 1974 and the administrative regulations promulgated by the Department of Ecology pursuant to the Act.

#### I. RURAL DISTRICTS

- A. Difference Between State Law and County Ordinance
  Section 302 of the Proposed Noise Control Ordinance
  includes a "rural district" environmental designation,
  while Section 173-60-040(2)(a) of the Washington
  Administrative Code (WAC), does not include a rural
  district environmental designation. The maximum noise
  levels allowed by the ordinance in rural districts are
  lower than those allowed by the state in Class A
  (residential) Environmental Designation for Noise
  Abatement (as defined in WAC 173-60-020).
- B. Finding of Special Conditions

  King County finds that the Rural District is consistent

  with and supportive of the County's emerging agricultural
  and subcounty service area policy.

### II. WEEKEND AND HOLIDAY RESTRICTIONS

A. Difference Between State Law and King County Ordinance
The King County Noise Control Ordinance establishes more
stringent noise level standards between the hours of
7:00 A.M. and 9:00 A.M. on weekends and holidays than the
standards established by WAC 173-60-040(2)(b).

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# B. Finding of Special Conditions

The King County Council finds that the frequency of complaints about noise on weekends and the recommendation of the County's Citizen Committee create a special condition justifying the more stringent application of noise standards on weekends.

## III PERIODIC, PURE TONE, AND IMPULSIVE SOUNDS

A. Difference Between State Law and King County Ordinance
Section 303(b) of the Noise Control Ordinance reduced by
5dB(A) the maximum sound levels for noises that are
periodic, have a pure tone component, or which are
impulsive and are not measured with an impulse sound
level meter. Neither the State Noise Control Act nor the
State Noise Regulations penalize periodic, pure tone, and
impulsive sounds.

# B. Finding of Special Conditions

Based upon recommendations of the Citizen Committee, the King County Council finds that these three technical corrections are necessary because of the failure of the A-weighted scale and commonly used noise meters to accurately reflect the annoyance caused by certain noises or to give an accurate measurement of the noise.

### IV. BELLS, CHIMES AND CARILLONS

A. Difference Between State Law and King County Ordinance
Section 602(a)(1) and (3) of the King County Noise Control
Ordinance exempts bells, chimes, and carillons operating
less than five minutes in each hour, as well as sounds
from parades and other public events, from the provisions
of the Ordinance during the daytime only, rather than at
all times as in WAC 173-60-050(4).

## B. Finding of Special Conditions

The King County Council finds that the citizens of the County would be better served by restricting these sounds

to the daytime hours, especially in light of the relatively high concentration of bells, chimes, and carillons near densely populated residential areas.

Moreover, because King County has densely populated residential areas and encourages parades and other public events, the County Council finds that the late night noise impact of these events on the residents of the County should be minimized by requiring promoters of public events to apply for variances from the maximum permissible noise limits under the proposed ordinance.

## V. WARNING DEVICES

- A. <u>Difference Between State Law and King County Ordinance</u>

  Section 602(a)(2) permits warning devices to operate for 30 minutes, rather than the five minutes specified in WAC 173-60-050(4)(d).
- B. Finding of Special Conditions

  The County Council finds that extra time is needed to locate and shut off the devices because of the congestion inherent in a highly urbanized area.

### VI. DAY AND NIGHT

- A. Difference Between State Law and King County Ordinance
  Section 603(b) of the Noise Control Ordinance provides
  a five-year exemption for sources of noise in industrial
  districts which, over the previous three years have been
  consistently operating in excess of 15 hours per day,
  while WAC 173-60-050(a)(b) unconditionally exempts
  nighttime operating industries from noise control
  regulation.
- B. Finding of Special Conditions

  Based upon recommendations of the Citizens Committee,
  the King County Council finds that to allow certain
  industries to operate permanently in excess of the
  maximum permissible sound levels would be unfair to other

industries and would subvert the purpose of the proposed ordinance. Because the County has been working on noise control since 1969 and because the exemption would run until 1982, the King County Council finds that the industries which operate day and night have been given sufficient notice of impending noise regulations and will have adequate time to initiate a cost-effective compliance program.

PASSED this 4th day of April, 1977

KING COUNTY COUNCIL KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Mile Town

ATTEST:

Clerk of the Council